

Subject:	COMPUTING
TATION	Through our computing curriculum at Bow we aim to give our pupils the life-skills that will enable ther new technology in a socially responsible and safe way in order to flourish. We want our pupils to be able their future workplace and we want them to know the career opportunities that will be open to them if We want children to become autonomous, independent users of computing technologies, gaining com from their activities. We want the use of technology to support learning across the entire curriculum curriculum is accessible to every child. Not only do we want them to be digitally literate and competent but also through our computer science lessons, we want them to develop creativity, resilience, probl thinking skills. We want our pupils to have a breadth of experience to develop their understanding of t within their community but also as members of a wider global community and as responsible
EMEN	Implementation:
INTENT & IMPLI	At Bow, computing is taught in discreet computing lessons. The computing curriculum is delivered through for Computing Education's 'Teach Computing Curriculum'. Having discreet lessons means that the child depth in their knowledge and skills over the duration of each of their computing topics and in a progrest the year and across the school. Where appropriate, meaningful links will be made between the computing reactive curriculum. In computing lessons, the children will use either IPads, Chromebooks to access a raalongside the use of some physical devices to support the unit being taught. Five key areas are taugh implementation: computing systems and networks; creating media; programming; data and information internet safety is taught in the first week of the Autumn, Spring and Summer term's in order to continue step ahead of current concerns over internet safety. Each year group also receives a unit of work as a of work that supports them in keeping safe on the internet.
	Children's progress will be assessed and records of the different outcomes will be saved on our s



em to embrace and utilise ole to operate effectively in a if they study computing. onfidence and enjoyment and to ensure that our and to ensure that our and end-users of technology olem solving and critical themselves as individuals e digital citizens.

rough The National Centre ildren are able to develop essive manner throughout outing curriculum and the ange of apps and software of within our computing tion; and internet safety. nue to adapt to and keep a a part of our RSHE scheme

r staff shared drive.

Computing progression

Computing in the Early Years	Although the 2021 Early Years Foundation Stage curriculum has removed 'Technology' from 'Understanding the World', computing and technology is still vitally important to deliver to Reception children.									
	Not only will teaching a well-planned Computing curriculum ensure that children enter Year 1 with a strong foundation of knowledge, but Computing lessons in the EYFS also ensure that children develop listening skills, problem-solving abilities and thoughtful questioning — as well as improving subject skills across the seven areas of learning. We live in a technological world and there is no escape from the reality that technology is integrated into the lives of young children. Just as we ensure the children in our care are ready for the adult world by teaching them maths and literacy, we should also make sure that they are fluent in computer literacy and all-important e-safety.									
	Computing for the EYFS is centred round play-based, unplugged (no computer) activities that focus on building children's listening skills, curiosity and creativity and problem solving. Technology in the Early Years can mean: • taking a photograph with a camera or tablet • searching for information on the internet • playing games on the interactive whiteboard • exploring an old typewriter or other mechanical toys • using a Beebot • watching a video clip • listening to music Allowing children the opportunity to explore technology in this carefree and often child-led way, means that not only will they develop a familiarity with equipment and vocabulary but they will have a strong start in Key Stage 1 Computing and all that it demands.									
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Term 1	Computing systems and networks – Technology around us	Computing systems and networks – IT around us	Computing systems and networks – Connecting computers	Computing systems and networks – The Internet	Computing systems and networks – Systems and searching	Computing systems and networks – Communication and collaboration				
Term 2	Creating Media – Digital painting	Creating media – Digital photography	Creating media – Stop- frame animation	Creating media – Audio production	Creating media – Video production	Creating media – Web page creation				
Term 3	Programming A – Moving a robot	Programming A – Robot algorithms	Programming A – Sequencing sounds	Programming A – Repetition in shapes	Programming A – Selection in physical computing	Programming A – Variables in games				

Term 4	Data and information	Data and information –	Data and information –	Data and information	Data and information	Data and information
	– Group data	Pictograms	Branching databases	– Data logging	 Flat-file databases 	 Introduction to
						Spreadsheets
Term 5	Creating media –	Creating media –	Creating media –	Creating media –	Creating media –	Creating media – 3D
	Digital writing	Digital Music	Desktop publishing	Photo editing	Introduction to vector	Modelling
					graphics	
Term 6	Programming B –	Programming B –	Programming B –	Programming B –	Programming B –	Programming B –
	Programming	Programming quizzes	Events and actions in	Repetition in games	Selection in quizzes	Sensing movement
	animations		programs			

In order to see a greater breakdown of each unit, their learning objectives, success criteria and national curriculum links please refer to the curriculum maps:

KS1 curriculum map

KS2 curriculum map